

The Trouble With Lithium Ev World

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Lithium is a core element of the lithium-ion batteries used in electric cars, and one of the key components of lithium is cobalt, which has been linked to reports of child labour. There are environmental concerns in countries like Bolivia and Tibet, where lithium is mined, while the extraction process for nickel can be toxic .

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Analysis of Lithium's geological resource base shows that there is insufficient economically recoverable Lithium available in the Earth's crust to sustain Electric Vehicle manufacture in the volumes required, based solely on LiIon batteries. Depletion rates would exceed current oil depletion rates and switch dependency

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Lithium batteries for electric vehicles are made with cobalt, a mineral that is mined primarily in Congo. But growing demand for cobalt in the region has led to allegations of child labor and other...

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The problem is that extraction of lithium impacts negatively on other facets of the environment. In a climate so dry and arid as the Atacama Desert and the Salar de Uyuni, 500,000 gallons of water are needed to produce just a single tonne of lithium.

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supply shortage was predicted in the media due to the usage of this element in electric vehicle batteries (EVB). The main problem in lithium supply is that suppliers are not able to instantly react on soaring demand as ramping up production capacities takes a lot of time and money. A lithium shortage would

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The problem with electric vehicles is that lithium is not the only rare material used in their construction. Other [rare earth minerals] like [dysprosium,] [lanthanum,] [neodymium,] and...

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The Environmental and Ethical Problems With Using Lithium-Ion Batteries February 18th, 2020, 10:27 PM GMT+0000 Lithium Batteries, the main power supply in electric vehicles, are not without ...

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Lithium mines also face protests from farmers in Portugal and indigenous communities in Chile, locking mining efforts in the country, raising questions not only of supply but ethics [with both...

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Yet chemical leakage is also a major concern when it comes to lithium mining. The lithium carbonate extraction process harms the soil, and can cause air pollution.

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The delta is mostly dry due to the effects of lithium mining, which is heavily reliant on water for its shallow artificial salt-pans, or solar evaporation ponds, in which saline solutions are left...

This book surveys state-of-the-art research on and developments in lithium-ion batteries for hybrid and electric vehicles. It summarizes their features in terms of performance, cost, service life, management, charging facilities, and safety. Vehicle electrification is now commonly accepted as a means of reducing fossil-fuels consumption and air pollution. At present, every electric vehicle on the road is powered by a lithium-ion battery. Currently, batteries based on lithium-ion technology are ranked first in terms of performance, reliability and safety. Though other systems, e.g., metal-air, lithium-sulphur, solid state, and aluminium-ion, are now being investigated, the lithium-ion system is likely to dominate for at least the next decade [which is why several manufacturers, e.g., Toyota, Nissan and Tesla, are chiefly focusing on this technology. Providing comprehensive information on lithium-ion batteries, the book includes contributions by the world's leading experts on Li-ion batteries and vehicles.

This book presents a state-of-the-art review of recent advances in the recycling of spent lithium-ion batteries. The topics covered include: introduction to the structure of lithium-ion batteries; development of battery-powered electric vehicles; potential environmental impact of spent lithium-ion batteries; pretreatment of spent lithium-ion batteries for recycling processing; pyrometallurgical processing for recycling spent lithium-ion batteries; hydrometallurgical processing for recycling spent lithium-ion batteries; direct processing for recycling spent lithium-ion batteries; high value-added products from recycling of spent lithium-ion batteries; and effects of recycling of spent lithium-ion batteries on environmental burdens. The book provides an essential reference resource for professors, researchers, and policymakers in academia, industry, and government around the globe.

Lithium-Ion Batteries features an in-depth description of different lithium-ion applications, including important features such as safety and reliability. This title acquaints readers with the numerous and often consumer-oriented applications of this widespread battery type. Lithium-Ion Batteries also explores the concepts of nanostructured materials, as well as the importance of battery management systems. This handbook is an invaluable resource for electrochemical engineers and battery and fuel cell experts everywhere, from research institutions and universities to a worldwide array of professional industries. Contains all applications of consumer and industrial lithium-ion batteries, including reviews, in a single volume Features contributions from the world's leading industry and research experts Presents executive summaries of specific case studies Covers information on basic research and application approaches

A theoretical and technical guide to the electric vehicle lithium-ion battery management system Covers the timely topic of battery management systems for lithium batteries. After introducing the problem and basic background theory, it discusses battery modeling and state estimation. In addition to theoretical modeling it also contains practical information on charging and discharging control technology, cell equalisation and application to electric vehicles, and a discussion of the key technologies and research methods of the lithium-ion power battery management system. The author systematically expounds the theory knowledge included in the lithium-ion battery management systems and its practical application in electric vehicles, describing the theoretical connotation and practical application of the battery management systems. Selected graphics in the book are directly derived from the real vehicle tests. Through comparative analysis of the different system structures and different graphic symbols, related concepts are clear and the understanding of the battery management systems is enhanced. Contents include: key technologies and the difficulty point of vehicle power battery management system; lithium-ion battery performance modeling and simulation; the estimation theory and methods of the lithium-ion battery state of charge, state of energy, state of health and peak power; lithium-ion battery charge and discharge control technology; consistent evaluation and equalization techniques of the battery pack; battery management system design and application in electric vehicles. A theoretical and technical guide to the electric vehicle lithium-ion battery management system Using simulation technology, schematic diagrams and case studies, the basic concepts are described clearly and offer detailed analysis of battery charge and discharge control principles Equips the reader with the understanding and concept of the power battery, providing a clear cognition of the application and management of lithium ion batteries in electric vehicles Arms audiences with lots of case studies Essential reading for Researchers and professionals working in energy technologies, utility planners and system engineers.

Lithium-ion batteries are the most promising among the secondary battery technologies, for providing high energy and high power required for hybrid electric vehicles (HEV) and electric vehicles (EV). Lithium-ion batteries consist of conventional graphite or lithium titanate as anode and lithium transition metal-oxides as cathode. A lithium salt dissolved in an aprotic solvent such as ethylene carbonate and diethylene carbonate is used as electrolyte. This rechargeable battery operates based on the principle of electrochemical lithium insertion/re-insertion or intercalation/de-intercalation during charging/discharging of the battery. It is essential that both electrodes have layered structure which should accept and release the lithium-ion. In advanced lithium-ion battery technologies, other than layered anodes are also considered. High cell voltage, high capacity as well as energy density, high Columbic efficiency, long cycle life, and convenient to fabricate any size or shape of the battery, are the vital features of this battery technology. Lithium-ion batteries are already being used widely in most of the consumer electronics such as mobile phones, laptops, PDAs etc. and are in early stages of application in HEV and EV, which will have far and wide implications and benefits to society. The book contains ten chapters, each focusing on a specific topic pertaining to the application of lithium-ion batteries in Electric Vehicles. Basic principles, electrode materials, electrolytes, high voltage cathodes, recycling spent Li-ion batteries and battery charge controller are addressed. This book is unique among the countable books focusing on the lithium-ion battery technologies for vehicular applications. It provides fundamentals and practical knowledge on the lithium-ion battery for vehicular application. Students, scholars, academicians, and battery and automobile industries will find this volume useful.

"In recent years, many forecasts have predicted a large scale adoption of electric vehicles (EVs), which would predominantly be powered by lithium-ion batteries (LIBs), owing to their high energy and power density and long cycle life. While use of EVs could reduce dependence on fossil based transportation fuels, there is a need to understand the end-of-life (EOL) implications of retired EV LIBs entering the waste stream in future in the battery-driven vehicle regime. To proactively address impending waste management issues and inform related policy, this dissertation explored the sustainable management of LIBs after use in EVs and the challenges and opportunities involved. First, a future oriented, dynamic Material Flow Analysis (MFA) was conducted to estimate the volume of LIB wastes to be potentially generated in the US in near and long term. The objective of tracking future outflows of EOL EV LIBs through the MFA model was to: (a) Provide an understanding of the scale at which EV LIB waste management infrastructure needs to be developed in future, and (b) Analyze the composition of future EV LIB waste stream in terms of constituent LIB packs, cells and materials. The effect of EV adoption scenarios, variability in LIB lifespan distribution, battery energy storage, LIB chemistry and form factor on the volume, recyclability and material value of the forecasted waste stream was analyzed. Because of the potential [lifespan mismatch] between battery packs and EVs, LIBs with high reuse potential are expected in the waste stream. Results of the MFA model projected annual EV LIB waste flows of as high as 340,000 metric tons by 2040. Apart from the high volume, the projected EV LIB waste streams were characterized by the presence of a variety of recyclable metals, high percentage of non-recyclable materials, high variability in the potential economic value, and potential for battery reuse. Hence, a robust end of life battery management system would include an increase in reuse avenues, expanded recycling capacity, and safe disposal routes accompanied by policy incentives to promote environmentally and economically favorable EOL management of EV LIBs. Second, the environmental trade-offs of cascaded use of retired EV LIBs in stationary energy storage was investigated using cradle-to-grave life cycle assessment (LCA). The LCA model was framed from the dual perspective of stakeholders in the: (a) the EV sector, to understand if there is there a meaningful reduction in EV lithium ion battery environmental impact due to cascaded reuse, and (b) the Energy Utility sector, to understand if the utility sector could environmentally benefit from using refurbished EV lithium ion batteries for energy storage. In both the cases, an environmental benefit was obtained owing to avoiding the production and use of an incumbent lead-acid battery based system. However, there were diminished to no environmental benefits in scenarios where very few of the initial battery cells and modules could be reused and where service life was low in secondary application for refurbished EV LIB cells. Hence, environmental feasibility of cascaded use systems was found to be directly related to technical feasibility and reliability. An important methodological challenge addressed was the allocation of environmental impact associated with production and EOL management of LIBs across the EV and stationary use systems. The allocation modeling choices explored here were based on the concept of closed-loop recycling for material cascades. These modeling approaches can guide LCA of similar product cascade systems where a product is used for a cascaded second use in a different application. Finally, a circular economy-inspired waste management hierarchy was proposed for EOL EVs from LIBs that included limited reuse in EVs, cascaded use in stationary applications, recycling and finally, landfill. To validate this circular economy approach, an eco-efficiency analysis was conducted across proposed waste management strategies for an EV LIB waste stream (modeled as 1,000 battery packs coming out of use in EV applications in the U.S.). Results demonstrated that a circular economy-centric waste management hierarchy can be environmentally and economically effective in managing the EV LIB waste stream in future, owing to benefits from reuse, cascaded use and recycling. However, such benefits would rely significantly on LIB size, testing procedures, the incumbent battery systems that used LIBs would displace, future prices of these batteries, and future recycling costs. Hence, these EOL management strategies would need policy and technology push to be viable. Although much attention has been placed on landfill disposal bans for batteries, results actually indicated that direct and cascaded reuse, followed by recycling can together negate the eco-toxicity burden of unavoidable metal flows into landfill. When combined with regulations deterring landfill and policies promoting life cycle approaches that additionally consider design-for-EOL, battery maintenance, collection and safe transport, circular waste management systems can be improved for these batteries. Overall, a circular waste management system for EV LIBs is likely to complement existing and guide future policies governing EV LIB waste."--Abstract.

Advances in Battery Technologies for Electric Vehicles provides an in-depth look into the research being conducted on the development of more efficient batteries capable of long distance travel. The text contains an introductory section on the market for battery and hybrid electric vehicles, then thoroughly presents the latest on lithium-ion battery technology. Readers will find sections on battery pack design and management, a discussion of the infrastructure required for the creation of a battery powered transport network, and coverage of the issues involved with end-of-life management for these types of batteries. Provides an in-depth look into new research on the development of more efficient, long distance travel batteries Contains an introductory section on the market for battery and hybrid electric vehicles Discusses battery pack design and management and the issues involved with end-of-life management for these types of batteries

Lithium batteries may hold the key to an environmentally sustainable, oil-independent future. From electric cars to a "smart" power grid that can actually store electricity, letting us harness the powers of the sun and the wind and use them when we need them, lithium'sa metal half as dense as water, found primarily in some of the most uninhabitable places on earth,has the potential to set us on a path toward a low-carbon energy economy. In Bottled Lightning, the science reporter Seth Fletcher takes us on a fascinating journey, from the salt flats of Bolivia to the labs of MIT and Stanford, from the turmoil at GM to cutting-edge lithium-ion battery start-ups, introducing us to the key players and ideas in an industry with the power to reshape the world. Lithium is the thread that ties together many key stories of our time: the environmental movement; the American auto industry, staking its revival on the electrification of cars and trucks; the struggle between first-world countries in need of natural resources and the impoverished countries where those resources are found; and the overwhelming popularity of the portable, Internet-connected gadgets that are changing the way we communicate. With nearly limitless possibilities, the promise of lithium offers new hope to a foundering American economy desperately searching for a green-tech boom to revive it.

This book addresses recycling technologies for many of the valuable and scarce materials from spent lithium-ion batteries. A successful transition to electric mobility will result in large volumes of these. The book discusses engineering issues in the entire process chain from disassembly over mechanical conditioning to chemical treatment. A framework for environmental and economic evaluation is presented and recommendations for researchers as well as for potential operators are derived.

Addresses the methodology and theoretical foundation of battery manufacturing, service and management systems (BM2S2), and discusses the issues and challenges in these areas This book brings together experts in the field to highlight the cutting edge research advances in BM2S2 and to promote an innovative integrated research framework responding to the challenges. There are three major parts included in this book: manufacturing, service, and management. The first part focuses on battery manufacturing systems, including modeling, analysis, design and control, as well as economic and risk analyses. The second part focuses on information technology's impact on service systems, such as data-driven reliability modeling, failure prognosis, and service decision making methodologies for battery services. The third part addresses battery management systems (BMS) for control and optimization of battery cells, operations, and hybrid storage systems to ensure overall performance and safety, as well as EV management. The contributors consist of experts from universities, industry research centers, and government agency. In addition, this book: Provides comprehensive overviews of lithium-ion battery and battery electrical vehicle manufacturing, as well as economic returns and government support Introduces integrated models for quality propagation and productivity improvement, as well as indicators for bottleneck identification and mitigation in battery manufacturing Covers models and diagnosis algorithms for battery SOC and SOH estimation, data-driven prognosis algorithms for predicting the remaining useful life (RUL) of battery SOC and SOH Presents mathematical models and novel structure of battery equalizers in battery management systems (BMS) Reviews the state of the art of battery, supercapacitor, and battery-supercapacitor hybrid energy storage systems (HESSs) for advanced electric vehicle applications Advances in Battery Manufacturing, Services, and Management Systems is written for researchers and engineers working on battery manufacturing, service, operations, logistics, and management. It can also serve as a reference for senior undergraduate and graduate students interested in BM2S2.